

A Speculative Model to Explore Data Hub and Quality of Service in IAAS Cloud Computing Systems

N. Narasimha Prasad, P. Swathi, P. Kavitha



Abstract: Cloud server ranch the specialists is a key issue in context on the one of a kind and heterogeneous systems that can be applied, associating from the VM circumstance to the union with various fogs. Execution appraisal of dissipated figuring establishments is required to predict and assess the cash sparing favored circumstance of a framework portfolio and the relating thought of affiliation experienced by customers. The experience of the customers accepts a crucial activity to envision the structure utilized. Such assessments are not practical by reenactment or on the field experimentation, by ethicalness of the fantastic number of parameters that must be investigated. In this work, a logical model is presented, considering Stochastic Prize Nets (SRNs), that is both versatile to show structures made out of thousands of benefits and versatile to address different methodologies and cloud-express systems. A couple of display estimations are portrayed and evaluated to investigate the lead of a cloud server ranch: use, openness, holding up time, and responsiveness. These estimated attributes are concerned to be major factors for assessing the performance analysis of the system. An adaptability examination is also given to consider load impacts. Finally, a usual philosophy is shown that, starting from the possibility of system limit, can help structure managers to fortunately set the server ranch parameters under different working conditions. These conditions are said to be feasible for the functioning of the system without any hassles.

Keywords: Execution assessment, Cost-advantage, Quality of administration, Cloud-explicit, Resiliency examination.

I. INTRODUCTION

Scattered figuring is the utilization of getting ready assets (rigging and programming) that are passed on as a help over a system (ordinarily the Internet).

The utilization factor of the available assets and attributes has a tremendous impression on the system such that ringing phenomenon can be verified at the earliest. The name begins from the basic utilization of a cloud-molded picture as a discussion for the confounding foundation it contains in framework charts. Scattered enrolling supplies remote associations with a client's information, programming and figuring.

Scattered handling includes equipment and programming assets made open on the Internet as regulated pariah associations. These associations for the most part offer access to forefront programming applications and wonderful quality structures of server PCs.

Based on the associations, the varied applications are concerned during the programming and its quality assessment is also performed to ensure the effective implementation. The objective of scattered handling is to apply normal super enrolling or unmatched figuring power, generally utilized by military and research working environments, to play out a colossal number of estimations for each second, in customer orchestrated applications, for example, budgetary portfolios, to pass on changed data, to give information collecting or to control tremendous, striking PC games. The flowed handling utilizes systems of epic social events of servers for the most part running straightforwardness buyer PC progression with express association with spread information arranging tasks crosswise over them. This typical Information Technology foundation contains monstrous pools of frameworks that are related together. As a rule, computed systems are utilized to develop the power of appropriated processing. Cloud figuring is a promising headway arranged to assets will be gotten to sooner rather than later. Through the arrangement of on-request access to virtual assets accessible on the internet, cloud frameworks offer associations at three excellent levels: foundation as assistance (IaaS), organize as a help (PaaS), and programming as a service (SaaS). Specifically, IaaS hazes give clients computational assets as virtual machine (VM) occasions sent in the supplier server farm, while PaaS and SaaS mists offer associations to the degree express arrangement stacks and application programming suites, independently. The corresponding arrangement schema must be drafted in an satisfactory environment and it should not be dependent on any other attributes. To intertwine business fundamentals and needs on application stage, like nature of association (QoS), cloud association provisioning is facilitated by association level agreements (SLAs): contracts among customers and suppliers that express the cost for assistance, the QoS levels required during the association provisioning, and the orders related with the SLA infringement. In such an extraordinary condition, execution assessment expects a key action engaging structure boss to review the impacts. of various asset the authorities methodology on the server farm working and to foresee the relating costs/benefits. Cloud structures change from common coursed systems. To the exclusion of everything else, they are portrayed by countless focal points that can explore specific authoritative spaces.

Manuscript published on January 30, 2020.

* Correspondence Author

N. Narasimha Prasad*, Assistant Professor, Department of MCA, AITS (Autonomous), New Boyanapalli, Rajampet, Kadapa (Dt.), A.P., INDIA

P. Swathi*, Assistant Professor, Department of MCA, AITS (Autonomous), New Boyanapalli, Rajampet, Kadapa (Dt.), A.P., INDIA

P. Kavitha, Assistant Professor, Department of MCA, AITS (Autonomous), New Boyanapalli, Rajampet, Kadapa (Dt.), A.P., INDIA

© The Authors. Published by Blue Eyes Intelligence Engineering and Sciences Publication (BEIESP). This is an [open access](http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-nd/4.0/) article under the CC-BY-NC-ND license (<http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-nd/4.0/>)

What's more, the raised level of preferred position reflection engages us to acknowledge unequivocal asset the board procedures, for example, VM multiplexing or VM live development that, offering little appreciation to whether clear to positive clients, must be considered in the course of action of execution models to accurately value the framework direct.

The framework comprises of numerous elements which are completely based on VM and its components to analyze the appreciation and also to take it to the preferred position. At last, various mists, having a spot with the indistinguishable or to various affiliations, can viably join each other to accomplish a typical objective, normally tended to by the redesign of focal points use. This segment, insinuated as cloud union [4], engages us to give and discharge assets on request, as requirements be giving versatile abilities to the entire structure.

Characteristics and Services Models

The striking characteristics of appropriated figuring subject to the definitions gave by the National Institute of Standards and Terminology (NIST) are outlined out underneath:

•**On-demand self-organization:** A purchaser can independently game plan figuring limits, for instance, server time and framework storing, shifting subsequently without requiring human correspondence with every master co-op's. The organization has to be prepared to work as a fully automated system.

•**Broad organize get to:** Abilities are accessible over the structure and got the opportunity to experience standard parts that advance use by heterogeneous sad or thick customer stages (e.g., cell phones, workstations, and PDAs). Here the system's ability examination the different devices that are used by the customers.

•**Resource pooling:** The provider's enrolling resources are pooled to serve different purchasers using a multi-inhabitant model, with different physical and virtual resources capably doled out and reassigned by buyer demand. The resources must be chosen systematically in order to satisfy the customers in all the aspects. There is an inclination of zone opportunity in that the customer generally has no control or data over the cautious territory of the gave resources anyway may have the alternative to show region at an increasingly raised degree of consideration (e.g., country, state, or server ranch). Examples of benefits fuse storing, dealing with, memory, organize transmission limit, and virtual machines. To the buyer, the capacities available for provisioning routinely radiate an impression of being vast and can be purchased in any sum at whatever point.

•**Measured organization:** Cloud structures thusly control and advance resource use by using a metering limit at some level of pondering appropriate to the kind of organization (e.g., limit, planning, move speed, and dynamic customer accounts). These parameters always support the system at each and every instant in order to control and devoid of any obstacles that may arise throughout. Asset use can be managed, controlled, and revealed offering straightforwardness to both the supplier and buyer of the used assistance.

•**Rapid adaptability:** Abilities can be quickly and deftly provisioned, sometimes ordinarily, to rapidly scale out and promptly discharged to rapidly scale in. The adaptively of the systems to the input parameters and restraints must be quickly adapted such that the outputs are reliable and also must be in consistency with the capabilities of the system.

II. LITERATURE SURVEY

Live movement of virtual machines (VM) crosswise over physical hosts gives an immense new piece of breathing space to Administrators of server farms and social occasions. Past memory-to-memory approaches show the adequacy of live VM movement in neighborhood (Local Area Network), yet they would cause a wide stretch of individual time in a wide area sort out (Wide Area Network) condition. This depicts the plan and execution of a novel strategy, unequivocally, CR/TR-Motion, which handles check pointing/recuperation and follow/replay types of progress to give rapid, direct VM advancement for both Local Area Network and Wide Area Network conditions. With execution follow set apart on the source have, synchronization estimation is performed to mastermind the running source and target VMs until they land at a foreseen state. CR/TR Motion can altogether decrease the movement excursion and framework information move limit usage. In order to address problems during the identification of the many applications found during the exchange of information between different nodes, it has been developed. To order to overcome the problem which may impact performance issues, the constraints during the procedures must also be recorded and resolved at particular moments, so the program needs to be updated in the mean time by almost all forms of monitoring steps that can regularly restrict snags. The authors examined the numerous parameters of interest and reported that the approaches followed during the process have yielded the good results and mandatory to follow the procedures setup for the exertion in order to maintain the communication or connection incessant.

Conveyed processing intends to control the front-line server homesteads and engages application authority communities to lease server ranch capacities with respect to sending applications depending upon customer QoS (Quality of Service) necessities. The desired results always depend on the different needs of the clients, thus by exploiting the capacities that one system have considering various aspects and the environment in which the system algorithms are executed. Cloud applications have unmistakable piece, structure, and association essentials. Estimating the introduction of benefit assignment approaches and application arranging computations at better nuances in Cloud enlisting circumstances for different application and organization models under evolving trouble, imperativeness execution, and system size is a moving issue to deal with [11]. Cloud figuring is a rising establishment perspective that promises to take out the necessity for associations to keep up expensive preparing hardware.

To overcome the problem that may affect performance issues it is also important to log and address restrictions in processes at certain times, so that the system is revised in the meantime with almost all types of control measures that can periodically limit snags. Utilizing virtualization and resource time-sharing, fogs address with a single plan of physical resources a tremendous customer base with different needs.

Thusly, mists can give their proprietors the advantages of an economy of scale and, simultaneously, become likelihood for both the business and standard authorities to peaceful packs, frameworks, and parallel creation conditions. For this probability to become reality, the first of business hazes should be demonstrated to be strong. In this work we look at the steadfastness of cloud associations. Towards this end, we dissect significant lot execution follows from Amazon Web Services and Google App Engine, at present two of the best business mists in progress. Advanced enlisting on spread figuring foundations can get fitting option for the undertaking if these frameworks can give bonafide degrees of non utilitarian properties (NPFs). An affiliation that spotlights on association arranged structures (SOA) needs to recognize what design would give the correct levels to specific associations on the off chance that they are sent in the cloud.

In this, a philosophy for execution evaluation of appropriated registering arrangements is present. While dispersed figuring providers ensure certain assistance levels, this it normally practiced for the stage and not for a particular help event. Dispersed processing is growing today as a business establishment that sheds the necessity for keeping up expensive figuring hardware. Utilizing virtualization, fogs assurance to address with the comparable shared game plan of physical resources a tremendous customer base with different needs. Thusly, fogs assurance to be for analysts an alternative rather than packs, lattices, and supercomputers. In any case, virtualization may start essential execution disciplines for the mentioning sensible figuring remaining weights. In this work we present an appraisal of the accommodation of the present circulated registering organizations for legitimate figuring. The authors have examined the various parameters of interest in order to maintain the communication or the connection incessant, and reported that the approaches followed during this process have produced good results and required the procedures set up to be followed. We dismember the display of the Amazon EC2 arrange using littler scale benchmarks and parts. While fogs are so far changing, our results exhibit that the present cloud organizations need a solicitation for enormity in execution improvement to be significant to set up specialists.

III. PROBLEM IDENTIFICATION

In cloud condition the server use isn't properly kept up. For example, a webpage has three web servers; each server is fit for managing 1 needs request in a steady progression. It isn't compulsory that all servers ought to be online in any occasion, when there are no enough sales. This prompts critical cost, in light of the fact that passing on the IAAS need more cost. The servers are to be well maintained as per the requirements and also to be protected in a place where it

has no threats such as environmental or manual. This endeavor explains the strategy for dealing with this issue in the compelling way.

Another issue occurs if quite far climbs rapidly, this may incite mishap all the dynamic servers in a steady progression. Starting late "Flipcart.com" site has been pummeled as a result of high information move limit at a time. This suggests that once a server is moved form one place to another without a proper planning or following a requisite instruction may lead to damage the entire system and there is a chance that that entire system may be compromised without the knowledge of the developer.

IV. EXISTING SYSTEM

So as to meld business necessities and application level needs, like Quality of Service (QoS), cloud association provisioning is obliged by Service Level Agreements (SLAs) : contracts among customers and suppliers that express the cost for an assistance, the QoS levels required during the association provisioning, and the orders related with the SLA infringement. The combinational applications as mentioned here always require systems which have more compatibility towards the varied data and also must have integrity towards the proposed system to have security for most of the issues that arise during the process of addressing various constraints. In such a one of a kind conditions, execution evaluation accept a key activity empowering structure executive to survey the effects of different resource the board procedures on the server ranch working and to predict the looking at costs/benefits Cloud systems differentiate from standard scattered systems. As most of the systems are not cost-effective, there are limitations to the implantation of the algorithm and also in producing the desired outputs. As an issue of first significance, they are depicted by innumerable resources that can cross unmistakable administrative regions. What's more, the raised degree of advantage reflection grants to execute explicit resource the officials systems, for instance, VM multiplexing or VM live development that, paying little heed to whether direct to definitive customers, must be considered in the arrangement of execution models to absolutely grasp the structure lead. The demands of the customers have been always the more definitive for any method that is prepared to meet the communication sharing and loading applications.

DISADVANTAGES OF EXISTING SYSTEM

- On-the-field tests are on a very basic level revolved around the offered QoS, they rely upon a disclosure approach that makes hard to compare got data to the inside resource the administrators strategies realized by the structure provider. The structures always prone to be incompatible with the type of data provided during the tests and always needed to be updated automatically to match with any type of data which is unfortunately not so possible always.

•Simulation doesn't allow coordinating total assessments of the structure execution on account of the phenomenal number of parameters that must be inquired about. The limitations of the simulation environments also make an impact on the overall system performance; hence they are required to be compiled and debugged as per the requirements. The input parameters that are provided during the execution of the algorithm are not defined properly leading to the errors which are a burden on the entire system.

V. PROPOSED SYSTEM

The proposed system reliant on Stochastic Reward Nets (SRNs) that shows the recently referenced features allowing getting the key thoughts of an IaaS cloud structure. The stochastic behavior of the proposed system has the tendency to give the best probable answers for the problems that are posed at. The proposed model is adequately adaptable to address systems made out of thousands of benefits and it makes possible to address both physical and virtual resources abusing cloud express thoughts, for instance, the establishment adaptability. The adequacy of the system is always an important asset for the researchers as it can help to investigate various attributes and to examine the various aspects that are connected to the parameters which are concerned for the purpose of evaluating the performance analysis of the system.

Concerning the present synthesis, the creative bit of the present work is that a nonexclusive and thorough perspective on a cloud structure is exhibited. Low level subtleties, for example, VM multiplexing, are sufficiently arranged with cloud based activities, for example, affiliation, permitting to research grouped blended procedures. An intensive strategy of execution estimations is depicted with respect to both the framework supplier (e.g., usage) and the last clients (e.g., responsiveness). The parameters such as utilization and responsiveness have been always the pivotal for most of the frameworks that are prepared to meet the various requests and demands that arise by the clients in these environments.

ADVANTAGES OF PROPOSED SYSTEM

To give a sensible relationship among different resource the board strategies, furthermore thinking about the system adaptability, an introduction appraisal approach is delineated. Such a technique, considering the possibility of structure limit, shows an exhaustive viewpoint on a cloud system and it empowers structure directors to consider the better game plan with respect to a set up objective and to luckily set the system parameters. The architecture which is depicted for framework is organized in a desirable ambience to provide the required thresholding and also to yield a good scheduling along with promised placement of the respective modules to attain best results which are always optimal in nature.

VI. MODULES

There are five modules in this framework:

1. Framework Queuing
2. Planning Module

3. VM Placement Module
4. League Module
5. Appearance Process

1. Framework Queuing

Work requests (similarly as VM dispatch requests) are en-lined in the system line. Such a line has a restricted size Q , when its place of control is landed at further requests are expelled. The queuing procedure is dependent on the size that is already defined before the process has started and should ensure that desired requests have to be processed at the right time to attain the desired outcomes. The structure line is administered as demonstrated by a FIFO booking methodology.

2. Planning Module

Right when an advantage is open, an occupation is recognized and the looking at VM is propelled. We acknowledge that the dispatch time is unessential and that the organization time (i.e., the time expected to execute an occupation) is exponentially scattered with mean $1/\mu$. The supposed relationship between the concerned parameters here is well maintained and seen to a extent that there are no hassles during the procedural implementation of planning.

3. VM Placement

As showed by the V.M multiplexing methodology the cloud structure can give a number M of astute resources more conspicuous than N . For this circumstance, different V.M's can be assigned in the comparable physical machine (PM), e.g., an inside in a multi-focus building. The assignment procedure is carried out to meet the compatibility between the type of hardware resources utilized. Different V.M's having a comparable PM can achieve in a decline of the introduction prevalently because of I/O hindrance between V.M's. The hindrances that are prevalent in these machines have to be addressed at each and every instant, whenever these techniques are put to use in the process of sharing.

4. League Module

Cloud alliance empowers the structure to utilize, explicitly conditions, the advantages offered by other open cloud computing systems through a sharing and paying model. Thusly, adaptable limits can be abused to respond to explicit weight conditions. Work sales can be occupied to various fogs by moving the relating V.M plate pictures through the framework. The supposed framework must be in a consistent schema which can easily support the various requests to attain a best utilization factor by exploiting the adverse conditions and also taking the advantages into account that are provided by the other clouding platforms during the process.

5. Appearance Process

Finally, we revere to the appearance system that which will be able to analyze three unmistakable circumstances.

In the primary (Constant appearance process) we expect the appearance strategy be a homogeneous Poisson process with rate λ . Nevertheless, colossal scale appropriated structures with a considerable number of customers, for instance, cloud systems, could show self-closeness/long-broaden dependence concerning the appearance strategy. The last circumstance (Adaptive appearance process) considers the proximity of a adaptive whit fixed and brief length and it will be used in order to explore the system quality. All the circumstances that arise out of the performance of the system have to be keenly investigated to devoid of any future issues that may arise during the process of the procedures involved to yield the desired results.

Framework Architecture

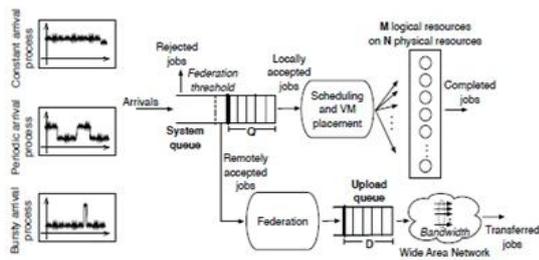


Fig. 1. An IaaS cloud system with federation.

VII. ANALYTICAL MODEL

Consider an IAAS cloud framework made out of N physical assets. Occupation demands (as far as VM launch demands) are enquired in the framework line.

Such a line has a limited size Q; when its point of confinement is come to, further demands are dismissed. The framework line is overseen as indicated by a FIFO booking strategy. At the point when an asset is accessible, a vocation is acknowledged and the relating VM is launched. We accept that the launch time is immaterial and that the administration time (i.e., the time expected to execute work) is exponentially disseminated with mean $1/\mu$.

As per the VM multiplexing procedure the cloud framework can give a number M of sensible assets more prominent than N. For this situation, various VMs can be allotted in the equivalent physical machine (PM), for instance, a center in a multi-core engineering. Different VMs having a similar PM can bring about in a decrease of the presentation for the most part because of I/O impedance between VMs. We characterize the debasement factor d (0) as the rate increment in the normal assistance time experienced by a VM when multiplexed with another VM. The exhibition debasement of multiplexed VMs relies upon the multiplexing procedure and on the VM position system. We expect that, to diminish the debasement and to acquire a reasonable circulation of VMs, the framework can ideally adjust the heap among the PMs as for the assets required by VMs therefore arriving at a homogeneous debasement factor. At that point, demonstrating with $T \approx 1/\mu$ the normal assistance time of a VM in disconnection, we can determine the normal time expected to execute two multiplexed VMs as T2.

VM Multiplexing

When multiplexing is permitted, the quantity of running VMs can be more prominent than N, i.e., $0 \leq P \leq M$ and every PM can be stacked with more than one VM. Accepting an ideal booking calculation ready to adjust the heap among the N PMs, the most extreme multiplexing level I came to by every PM.

he set J of the launched VMs can be divided into two sets J1 and J1_1 that compare to the arrangement of VMs running with a multiplexing level equivalent to I and the arrangement of VMs running with a multiplexing level equivalent to I - 1, individually.

VIII. RESULT ANALYSIS

Through a cloud execution model, it is conceivable to explore the pattern after some time of some exhibition measurements. Such an investigation is direct to evaluate the strength of the cloud foundation, specifically when the heap is described by blasts. Truth be told, regardless of whether the foundation is ideally estimated as for the normal burden, during a heap adaptive, clients can encounter a debasement of the apparent QoS with relating infringement of SLAs. For this explanation, it is expected to foresee the impacts of a specific burden condition to examine the capacity of the framework to respond to an over-burden circumstance. To contemplate the framework strength, we feature the appearance of a solitary adaptive considering a adaptive appearance process portrayed by the accompanying conduct:

- A standard appearance rate exponentially appropriated with rate λn , and
- A solitary adaptive with deterministic start time t_b , deterministic completion time t_f (and afterward deterministic term given by $t_f - t_b$), and appearance rate exponentially disseminated with rate $\lambda b (> \lambda n)$.

The adaptive appearance process is displayed by helpfully changing the exponentially circulated terminating time of the change T_{arr} in the cloud execution model through the appropriation of the system depicted. Above all else, we can recognize three transient stages:

1. From 0 to t_b : regular load.
2. From t_b to t_f : load adaptive.
3. From t_f to 1: regular load.

In each stage, the model is understood in passing by setting the terminating pace of T_{arr} with the relating mean esteem: λn for the customary burden, λb for the heap adaptive. In addition, toward the start of each stage (i.e., before the change on the terminating rate is applied), the underlying state probabilities of the model must be reloaded utilizing the state probabilities acquired toward the finish of the past stage.

LOCATIONS

S.NO	Server	URL	Location	Total	Available	Status	Edit	Delete
1	Bangalore	http://localhost:8080/SecuringOnline/	Bus Stand	3	3	OverLoad	Edit	Delete
2	Chennai	http://localhost:8080/SecuringOnline/	Anna Nagar	3	1	Normal	Edit	Delete
3	Tom Cat	http://localhost:8080/SecuringOnline/	Pune	3	0	Idle	Edit	Delete

Fig 2: Acting Server



Constant Arrival Process

We consider a cloud framework portrayed by a consistent appearance process. Let us guess that a framework director is keen on expanding the framework accessibility. We will show how the proposed model can be utilized to assess the enhancements for the framework accessibility acquired by receiving one of the previously mentioned techniques, likewise considering the impacts on the other exhibition records. For every procedure, we expanded the framework limit up to a limit of 10 percent of the underlying limit. Fig. 5 shows they got outcomes.

From Fig. 5a, it very well may be seen that the methodology having the best effect on the framework accessibility is the Federation system. Physical and Multiplexing methodologies show comparable pattern regardless of whether Physical consistently beats Multiplexing, while at the same time Queuing is the arrangement that produces less impacts. Be that as it may, to adequately pick the correct system, we need to think about other execution measurements. Fig. 5b shows the consequences for the framework use. True to form, the Federation system doesn't influence the framework usage, since it includes remote assets. Then again, the methodologies that enable us to additionally build the framework usage are multiplexing and queuing.

At last, it is conceivable to see that an expansion in physical asset (Physical technique) will consider a lower relentless state use. From a client point of view, we will examine the effect of the framework limit on the complete assistance time (i.e., the aggregate of the holding up time and the administration time) and on the framework responsiveness (with a estimation of Equal to 60 sec). From the examination of Figs. 5c and 5d, it is conceivable to see that from such a point of view the technique that creates the most substantial impacts I physical, enabling us to both decrease the complete help time and to expand the responsiveness. Concerning such measurements, Multiplexing beats Federation. Truth be told, I shows a semi consistent pattern as for the complete help time, because of the adjusting between the reduction on holding up time (because of the expanded number of accessible assets) and the expansion on administration time (because of the increment on the multiplexing level). Also, the Multiplexing technique enables us to build the framework responsiveness arriving at values practically identical to those of the physical system. At long last, it tends to be seen that the Queuing procedure doesn't create any advantage as far as client fulfillment, bringing about long holding up times and in a radical decrease of the framework responsiveness.

GRAPH

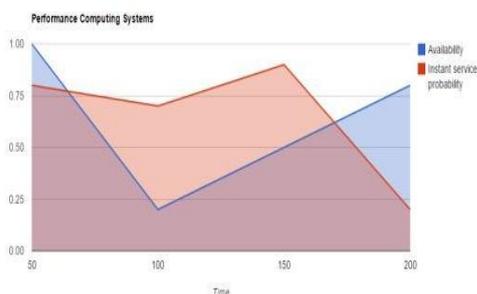


Fig 3: Performance Computing System

IX. CONCLUSION AND FUTURE SCOPE

We have introduced a speculative model to assess the presence of an IaaS cloud framework. A few presentation measurements have been characterized, for example, accessibility, usage, and responsiveness, enabling us to explore the effect of various methodologies on both supplier and client perspectives. In a market-situated territory, for example, distributed computing, a precise assessment of these parameters is required to evaluate the offered QoS and chance to oversee SLAs/Future works will incorporate the investigation of autonomic strategies ready to change on-the-fly the framework design to respond to an adjustment in the working conditions. We will likewise broaden the model to speak to PaaS and SaaS cloud frameworks and to coordinate the components expected to catch VM relocation and server farm solidification viewpoints that spread an urgent job in vitality sparing strategies.

REFERENCES:

1. R. Buyya et al., "Cloud computing and emerging it platforms :Vision, hype, and reality for delivering computing as the 5th utility," *FutureGener. Comput. Syst.*, vol. 25, PP. 599–616, June 2009.
2. X. Meng et al., "Efficient resource provisioning in compute clouds via vm multiplexing," in *Proceedings of the 7th international conference on Autonomic computing*, ser. ICAC '10. New York, NY, USA:ACM, 2010, pp. 11–20.
3. H. Liu et al., "Live virtual machine migration via asynchronous replication and state synchronization," *Parallel and Distributed Systems*, *IEEE Transactions on*, Vol. 22, No. 12, PP. 1986 –1999, December - 2011.
4. B. Rochwerger et al., "Reservoir - when one cloud is not enough," *Computer*, vol. 44, no. 3, pp. 44 –51, march 2011.
5. R. Buyya, R. Ranjan, and R. Calheiros, "Modeling and simulation of scalable cloud computing environments and the cloud sim toolkit: Challenges and opportunities," in *High Performance Computing Simulation, 2009. HPCS '09. International Conference on*, PP. 1 – 11, June - 2009.
6. A. Iosup, N. Yigitbasi, and D. Epema, "On the performance variability of production cloud services," in *Cluster, Cloud and Grid Computing (CCGrid)*, 2011 11th IEEE/ACM International Symposium on, may 2011, pp. 104 –113.
7. K.G.S. Venkatesan and M. Elamurugaselvam, "Design based object oriented Metrics to measure coupling & cohesion," *International journal of Advanced & Innovative Research*, Vol. 2, Issue 5, PP. 778 – 785, 2013.
8. Teerawat Issariyakul • Ekram Hoss, "Introduction to Network Simulator NS2".
9. K.G.S. Venkatesan, "Comparison of CDMA & GSM Mobile Technology", *Middle-East Journal of Scientific Research*, 13 (12), PP. 1590 – 1594, 2013.
10. P. Indira Priya, K.G.S.Venkatesan, "Finding the K-Edge connectivity in MANET using DLTRT," *International Journal of Applied Engineering Research*, Vol. 9, Issue 22, PP. 5898 – 5904, 2014
11. P.Anil Kumar , N.Bhagya Lakshmi "A Stochastic Model to Investigate Data Centre Performance and QOS in IAAS Cloud" *International Journal of Advanced Technology and Innovative Research* Volume.08, IssueNo.11, September-2016
12. Dario Bruneo "A Stochastic Model to Investigate Data Centre Performance and QOS in IAAS Cloud" *IEEE Transaction on parallel and distributed systems* VOL: 25, No:3, 2014

AUTHOR'S PROFILE



N. Narasimha Prasad, is an Assistant Professor in Master of Computer Applications Department at Annamacharya Institute of Technology and Sciences(Autonomous), Rajampet, Kadapa district. He received his Master's degrees in Computer Science in 2006 from (Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University, Hyderabad). He is having 11 years of teaching experience. He is interested in teaching Database Management Systems, Cryptography, Data Mining, OOAD, Computer Organization, Mobile Application Development etc.



P. Swathi, is an Assistant Professor in Master of Computer Applications Department, at Annamacharya Institute of Technology and Sciences (Autonomous), Rajampet, Kadapa district. She received her Master's degrees in Computer Science & Engineering in 2015 from (Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University, Ananthapuramu) and MCA in 2007 from (Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University, Hyderabad) . She is having 10 years of teaching experience. She is interested in teaching Operating Systems, Network Programming, Computer Networks, Cryptography, Data Mining, Object Oriented Analysis and Design with UML, etc.



P. Kavitha, is an Assistant Professor in Master of Computer Applications Department, at Annamacharya Institute of Technology and Sciences (Autonomous), Rajampet, Kadapa district. She received her Master's

degree in Computer Science and Engineering in 2016 from (Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University, Ananthapuramu) and MSC(IS) in 2004 from (Osmania University, Hyderabad). She is having 11 years of teaching experience. She is interested in teaching Object Oriented Programming Concepts, Information Security, Cryptography and Network Security, Software Engineering, Web Component Development with J2EE, .NET Technologies etc.

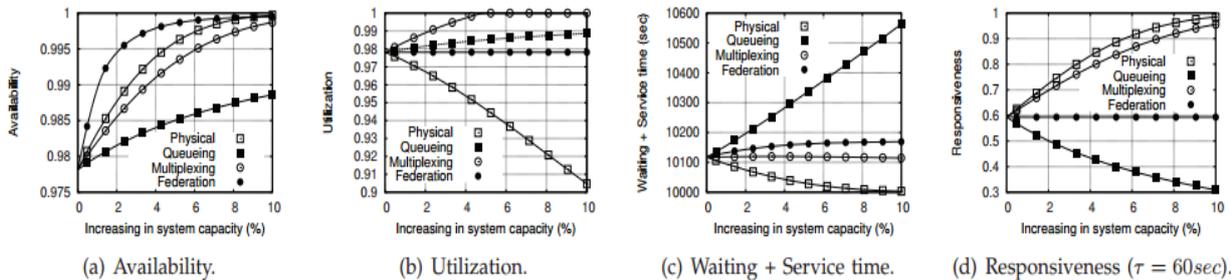


Fig. 5. Steady state measures varying the system capacity under different strategies (Constant arrival process).