Abstract: The improvement and patterns in the advertising field summon interest and imagination. Socially, the Indian individuals have an extraordinary adoration and interest for gold. Gold isn’t an item, however a product. It is homogeneous and undefined. India is esteemed to be the center point of the worldwide gems showcase on account of its low expenses and accessibility of high-talented work. Three tremendous markets for gold gems are China, India, and the US, each agreement it for a one of a kind social hugeness. Securing gems is associated with festivities, connections, self-articulation and trusts later on in these nations. The Research paper draws out a diagram of advertising procedures in the Gold adornments showcase, by taking Thrissur, the Gold Hub of Kerala as a contextual investigation. From the examination it was discovered that promoting methodologies assumes a critical job in gold adornments advertise. Imaginative promoting systems exceptionally impact client purchasing conduct. The investigation empowers the adornments shipper to gadget arrangements, plans and methodologies in an increasingly powerful way to thrive their business.

Keywords: Advertisement, Behaviour, Gold, Marketing, Strategies

I. INTRODUCTION

The main purpose of choosing this research for analyse and understand the different types of marketing strategies adopted by jewellery shops in chennai[1],[3],[5].

A. Scope of the Study

The research is done in marketing area to find out the marketing strategies adopted by gold jewelers in chennai this research helps in finding the strength and weakness of jewellery shops in chennai[2],[4],[6]. Customer’s expectation and retailer’s opinion have also being observed through this study.

B. Limitations of the Study

• The information is procured from chennai and such as data collected holds to the respondents of chennai alone.
• The Sample size is limited to 75.
• While recording the opinions, some respondents could not respond properly.

C. Objectives of the Study

• To identify and understand the product strategies adopted by gold jewelers in chennai.
• To determine and find out the pricing strategies adopted by gold jewelers in chennai.
• To analyse the promotional strategies adopted by gold jewelers in chennai[7],[9],[11].
• To identify the distribution strategies adopted by gold jewelers in chennai.
• To determine and analyse the strength and weakness of gold jewelers in chennai.

II. RESEARCH DESIGN

A. Variable Of the Study

In this research, the variable of the study is Gold jewellery shops in chennai. The population size of this research is 400 jewellery shops in chennai. The researcher get the population through the below website address; www.yellowpages.sulekha.com

The researcher used Simple Random Sampling method for selecting the sample size from the population. The sample size of the research is 75 jewellery shops in chennai. The researcher used random number method for picking out the 75 jewellery shops from out of 400 jewellery shops[8],[10],[12].

B. Areas Covered In This Study

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME OF THE AREA</th>
<th>NO OF SAMPLES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TNAGAR</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GREAMS ROAD</td>
<td>02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TAMBARAM</td>
<td>03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PARRYS</td>
<td>05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANNANAGAR</td>
<td>05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOWCARPET</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MYLAPORE</td>
<td>07</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANNASALAI</td>
<td>06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PERAMBUR</td>
<td>04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EGMORE</td>
<td>03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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The researcher conducted personal interview in the above areas with the help of structured questionnaire. The questionnaire consists of open and closed ended questions. [13], [15],[17]

### Table 1 Types of gold jewels

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Factor</th>
<th>Respondents</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>22 karat</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>916 kdm</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Inference:
- 60% of the respondents offered 916 kdm gold jewels.
- Remaining 40% of the respondents offered 22 karat gold jewels.

### Table – 2 Preference of customer for gold jewels

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Factor</th>
<th>Respondents</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>22 karat</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>916 kdm</td>
<td>53</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Inference:
- 70% of the respondents said that the customers preferred 916 kdm gold jewels.
- Remaining 30% of the respondents said that the customers preferred 22 karat gold jewels.

### Table 3 Offers provided by jeweler shops

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Factor</th>
<th>Respondents</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No wastage</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No Making Charges</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Free Gemstones</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reduction in basic price</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Inference:
- 40% of the respondents offering No making charges to the customers.
- 27% of the respondents offering Free gem stones to the customers.
- 17% of the respondents offering No wastage to the customers.
- Remaining 16% of the respondents offering Reduction in basic price to the customers.

### Table 4 Competitor reduces the basic price

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Factor</th>
<th>Respondents</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Giving offers</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maintain our own strategy</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Inference:
- 67% of the respondents said that we would maintain our own strategy when the competitor reduces the basic price also.
Remaining 33% of the respondents said that we would give offers when the competitor reduces the basic price.

Table 5 Schemes provided by the jeweler shops

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Scheme</th>
<th>Respondents</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Advance Booking</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marital scheme</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Saving Scheme</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Inference:
- 32% of the respondents offer Advance Booking Schemes to the consumers.
- 59% of the respondents offer saving scheme to the consumers
- Remaining 9% of the respondents offer Marriage scheme to the consumers.

III. RESULTS

1) 60% of the respondents offered gold jewels in 916 kdm and remaining 40% of the respondents offered gold jewels in 22 karat.
2) 70% of the respondents said that the customers mostly prefer 916 kdm gold jewels only. Remaining 30% of the respondent only prefers 22-karat jewels.
3) 40% of the respondents offering no making charges for gold jewels to make customer attractive.27% of the respondents offering free gem stones to encourage customer for repeat purchase. The rest 17% and 16% of the respondents offering no wastage and reduction in basic price to maintain the reputation of stores name building[14],[16],[18].
4) Only 33% of the respondents said that we would give offers when the competitor reduces the basic price. Remaining 67% of the respondents said that we maintain our own strategy because gold is a valuable asset.
5) 59% of the respondents (includes large and small scale retailers) offering saving scheme to the consumers while 32% of the respondents (includes small scale retailers) offering Advance booking scheme schemes to the consumers. Remaining some respondents offering Marriage scheme to the consumers.
6) 51% of the respondents promoting the product through TV/Radio to reach the customer mind easily.40% of the respondents promoting the product through Newspapers & Magazines to create awareness about the jewellery shop. Remaining some respondents promoting the product through hoardings[19],[21],[23].
7) 40% of the respondent charge 8-10% wastage for 8gm gold jewels 32% of the respondent charge 10-11% for 8gm jewels remaining 28% of the respondent charge 11% and above wastage for a 8gm gold jewels.
8) 58% of the respondent fix the gold rate mostly based on the association. While 38% of the respondent fix the gold rate based on government rate, Only some respondent fix the gold rate lesser than the government rate.
9) 56% of the respondent mainly prefers our jewellery shop for Brand Image, remaining 44% of the respondent mainly prefers our jewellery shop for stores name.
10) 36% of the respondent promote the jewellery shop to attract the customers, the 33% and 28% of the respondent mainly promote the jewellery for encourage the repeat purchase and for increase the sales volume. Only some respondents promote the jewellery shop to block the competitors move[20],[22],[24].
11) 77% of the respondents said that Achiayathiti is the important festival for us, remaining 23% of the respondents said that Deepavali is important for us.
12) 52% of the respondent introduces the new design once in three months while 43% of the respondents introduce new design once in a month only some respondents will introduce new design in every six months.
13) 80% of the respondents provide offer and discounts to the customer, Remaining 20% of the respondents are not providing any offers and discounts to the customer.
14) 72% of the respondents are paying advance to the suppliers for the bulk purchase; remaining 28% of the respondents are not paying any advance to the suppliers for the bulk purchase[25],[27],[29].
15) 56% of the respondents are said that Brand image is highly valued in our jewellery shop.37% of the respondents are said that Brand image is Moderately valued in our jewellery shop. Only some respondents said that Low valued in our jewellery shop.
16) 50% of the respondents are said that Stores name is highly valued in our jewellery shop.40% of the respondents are said that Stores Name is Moderately valued in our jewellery shop. Only some respondents said that Stores name is Low valued in our jewellery shop.
17) 47% of the respondents are said that Varieties is highly valued in our jewellery shop.40% of the respondents are said that Varieties is Moderately valued in our jewellery shop. Only some respondents said that Varieties is Low valued in our jewellery shop.

IV. DISCUSSIONS

The jewellery shop’s association has to conduct an exhibition atleast once in a year to create the knowledge about the gold jewels.

Today’s market is full of competitive so the jewellery shops have to adopt different strategies to hold the customers with them.

Small-scale retailer must promote their product through television/radio to reach customer mind easily.

All jewellery shops have to reduce the basic price of gold jewels to attract the customers.

Most of the respondents mainly concentrated on Achiayathiti festival. So they have to concentrate and give offers in other festivals also[26],[28],[30].

Small-scale retailers should introduce new designs frequently based on their customers’ preference.

All jewellery shops have to give importance to brand name instead of stores name.
Jewellery shops should give more importance on varieties to make the customers for repeat purchase.

All jewellery shops should offer EMI schemes to attract customers.

V. CONCLUSION

The study was conducted to analyze the Marketing Strategies adopted in Gold jewelers in Chennai.

From the study it was inferred the majority of the jewellery shops are adopting different types of strategies to satisfy the customers[31],[33]. Some of the jewellery shops are not adopting any type of strategies they are mainly depended on their stores name. So they have to mainly concentrate on formulation of strategies to fulfill the customer requirements.

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